# **Reduced Rates of Herbicides in Normal Soybeans**

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## **Objective**

To determine if reduced rates of herbicides can provide adequate weed control and show no yield loss in no-tillage soybean utilizing pre-emergence and post-emergence herbicide applications.

## **Background**

Crop Year: 1997 Soil Test: N/A Cooperator: Tim Warner Fertilizer Applied: N/A

County/Town: Darke/ Greenville Herbicide: See Methods Drainage: Variety: Becks 299 N/A Major Soil Type: Planting Rate: **Brookston Silty Clay Loam** 210.000 seeds/A Previous Crop: Planting Date: April 29, 1997 Corn None Harvest Date: September 24, 1997 Tillage:

#### **Materials and Methods**

The plot size for this study was 20 feet wide and 300 feet in length. Each treatment was replicated three times. 2,4-D ester at 1.0 pt/A plus Prime Oil (COC) was added to treatments 1-7 and applied alone to treatment 8 to control existing weeds seven days prior to planting. The 1X Canopy rate was 6.0 oz/A and 1X Squadron rate was 3.0 pt/A. The post-emergence application of Basagran + Poast HC + Prime Oil + 28% Nitrogen at the 1X rate was 2.0 pt/A + 10.0 floz/A + 0.5% v/v + 2.0% v/v and applied as listed in the table.

#### Results

| Treatment | Product<br>and Rate <sup>1</sup>   | Treatment Timing |          | Weed Control<br>(% on July 24, 1997) | Soybean<br>Yield | Treatment<br>Cost <sup>2</sup> |
|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
|           |                                    | Height (in.)     | DAP      | An. Gr.                              | (bu/A)           | (\$/A)                         |
| 1         | Canopy (EPP) 1/2X                  |                  | -7       | 86                                   | 62               | \$12.06                        |
| 2         | Canopy (EPP) 1/2X<br>(POST) 1/4X   | 1.25             | -7<br>52 | 93                                   | 61               | \$22.09                        |
| 3         | Canopy (EPP) 1/2X<br>(POST) 1/2X   | 3.0              | -7<br>56 | 98                                   | 61               | \$29.32                        |
| 4         | Squadron (EPP) 1/2X                |                  | -7       | 83                                   | 62               | \$17.00                        |
| 5         | Squadron (EPP) 1/2X<br>(POST) 1/4X | 1.25             | -7<br>52 | 95                                   | 61               | \$27.03                        |
| 6         | Squadron (EPP) 1/2X<br>(POST) 1/2X | 3.0              | -7<br>56 | 98                                   | 63               | \$34.26                        |
| 7         | Squadron (EPP) 1X                  |                  | -7       | 83                                   | 61               | \$29.16                        |
| 8         | Roundup (POST) 1X                  | 8.0              | 65       | 95                                   | 63               | \$37.56                        |
|           | LSD (0.05%)                        |                  |          | 7                                    | NS               |                                |

<sup>1.</sup> Abbreviations: Height = annual grass height, DAP = days after planting, An. Gr. = annual grass (giant foxtail and barnyardgrass), bu/A = bushels per acre, EPP = early pre-plant application, POST = post-emergence application, LSD = least significant difference, NS = no significant difference

## **Summary and Notes**

The annual grass pressure was light to moderate and the annual broadleaf pressure was non-existent. Canada thistle was present, which is why Basagran was used, but the thistle population was not uniform enough to rate. Treatments 1, 4, and 7 provided less than 87% control of annual grass, but yield was not significantly reduced.

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<sup>2</sup> Treatment cost = cost of all herbicides and additives (including burndown) and application cost at \$2.00/A/application