# Effect of Modified Relay Intercropping on Wheat Yield Grown in 15 inch Rows

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## **Objective**

To evaluate yield response of Modified Relay Intercrop soybeans on wheat yield.

## **Background**

Crop Year: 2014

Location: OARDC South Charleston

County/Town: Clark Soil Type: Crosby Drainage: Systematic Previous Crop: Soybeans Tillage: No – tillage

Soil Test: pH 6.5, P 48 (M3) ppm, K 152 ppm SCN # in area of plots: 60 eggs per 100cc

Row width: 15 inches

Fertilizer: (wheat & beans) 90-0-0 Wheat Planting Date: 10-1-13 Wheat Variety: Pioneer 25R39

Wheat Seeding Rate: 1 million sds/acre MRI Soybean Planting Date: May 28, 2013

Soybean Variety: NK S 2.9

MRI Seeding Rate: 225,000 seeds/acre Herbicide: Post 1 quart Glyphosate (7/22) Wheat harvest date: July 10, 2014 Date of MRI Soybean harvest: Oct. 28 Rain fall: 8.9 inches (from 6/1-9/1)

## **Methods**

Pioneer 29R37 soft red winter wheat was planted Oct. 1, 2013 in 15 inch rows at a rate of 1.0 million seeds per acre. Soybeans were interseeded into standing wheat with 15 inch row spacing on May 28 with a Great Plains units custom interseeder mounted on a 3 point hitch. Wheat was harvested on July10, 2014 with a Kincaid small plot combine with a 5 foot header.

This study used a completely randomized design with two treatments replicated 3 times to compare planting of soybeans into wheat versus wheat not interseeded over yield. A small plot combine was used to harvest wheat plots on July 10, 2014. Plot size averaged 80 inches by 40 feet.

#### **Treatments**

- 1) Interseeding of soybeans into headed wheat (MRI wheat)
- 2) Control wheat not interseeded with soybeans



### Results

Table 1. Moisture and Yield of Wheat (Adjusted to 13.5% moisture)

Treatment	Ave. Moisture	Ave. Yield (bu/A)
MRI wheat	14.0	79.1
Control	13.6	86.3

F=1.61, Not significant; P>F= 0.25, CV = 9.6

Table 2. Four Year Average Wheat Yield (Adjusted to 13.5% moisture)\*

Treatment	Ave. Yield (bu/A	
MRI wheat Control	83.3 86.5	
	30.0	

<sup>\* 10</sup> inch row wheat grown first 3 years and 15 inch row wheat in 2014. The wheat varieties were different each year.

# **Summary**

There was not a significant difference in yield between wheat interseeded and wheat alone in 2014 for this study conducted at OARDC South Charleston located in central Ohio. Over 4 years of small plot replicated trials in North Central Ohio and South Charleston, MRI wheat averaged 84.7 and wheat not interseeded averaged 86.6. The difference in yield over 4 years was 3.2 bushels per acre which is about a 3% wheat yield loss in interseeded wheat.

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